

	Title of the subject: <b>Comparative grammar of Slavic languages 2</b>			
Subject code	Subject status	Semester	Number of ECTS credits	Number of classes
	compulsory	6	5	3+1

**Study programme for which it is organised:**  
the Serbian language and literature

**Connection to other subjects:** passed/attended subject Comparative grammar of Slavic languages 1

**The subject's objectives:**

To acquire knowledge of morphological and grammatical system of Proto-Slavic language and its development in Slavic languages, and to apply the acquired knowledge in concrete historical and linguistic structure.

**Name and surname of a professor and teaching assistant:**

Zorica Nikitović, PhD

**Methods of teaching and acquiring lessons:**

monologue, dialogue, work on text

**Content of the subject:**

Preparatory week	Preparation and semester enrollment
I week	1. Comparative morphology of Slavic languages. Parts of speech. Three historical divisions of word types.
II week	Declension. Conjugation. Comparison. Grammatical categories.
III week	2. Category of number in Proto-Slavic, modern Serbian and Russian. Loss of dual. Formation of paucal.
IV week	Adjectives as parts of speech. Formation of definite and indefinite adjectives. Nouns as parts of speech.
V week	3. Noun declensions N sing; G sing; D sing;
VI week	4. A sing; V sing; N pl; G pl; D pl; A pl;
VII week	5. I pl; L pl; N-A-V dual; G-L dual; D-I dual;
VIII week	6. Anthroponomastic categories. Personal names.
IX week	7. Slavic patronyms and establishments of surnames.
X week	8. Structure of verbs in Proto-Slavic (tenses and modality)
XI week	9. Proto-Slavic present tense
XII week	10. Types of aorist in Proto-Slavic
XIII week	11. Verb modality in Proto-Slavic (imperative and potential). Infinitive and verbal nouns.
XIV week	12. Colloquium
XV week	13. Main changes in declension of nouns in Slavic languages: loss of dual in majority of Slavic languages, less number of declensions (loss of closed noun types). Participles
	14. Creation of analytical declension in Slavic languages used in the Balkans (Bulgarian and Macedonian, the Balkans language alliance)
	15. Main changes in verb system in Slavic languages: changes in endings in present tense and aorist, loss of astigmatic aorist and verbal nouns in all languages; status of aorist and imperfect in Slavic languages; differences in endings in infinitive)

**Number of classes per subject:**

<u>Weekly</u>	<u>In the semester</u>
3+1	45+15

Students are obliged to attend lectures and exercises.

**Required text:**

Radosav Bošković, *Usporedna gramatika slovenskih jezika*, Belgrade, Trebnik (any issue)

**Assessment and grading:**

Attendance and engagement in classes: 10

Test and colloquium: 40 (20+20)

Oral exam: 50

**Specific note for the subject: /**

**Name and surname of the professor who prepared the syllabus:** Zorica Nikitović, PhD

**Note:**